on November 12 with attempting to black-mail Earl Carrington, the joint hereditary lord chamberlain, was sentenced to eight-een months' penal servitude.

CONVICT REFUSES A PARDON.

as Been in Prison Fourteen Years

and Wants to Stay There Un-

til Warm Weather.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 24.-(Special.)

rank Jackson, colored, has refused to ac-

cept a pardon from Governor Stephens. Jackson is the oldest prisoner in point of

service in the Missouri penitentiary, hav-

ng been there for over fourteen years, and

to-day Governor Stephens offered to give

him a Thanksgiving pardon to-morrow,

TWO SENTENCED TO HANG.

Pennsylvanians to Die for a Crime to

Which Another Has Con-

fessed.

Hollidaysburg, Pa., Nov. 24.—Frank Wil-on, of Massillon, O., and James Farrell,

of Allequippa, Allegheny county, were to-day sentenced in the Blair county court to

TWENTY YEARS FOR ASSAULT.

Three of a Gang Already Sentenced

and Five Others Undoubt-

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 24.-Frank, alias

edly Will Be.

Newport, Ky., of criminally assaulting Mrs.

Newport, Ky., of criminally assaulting Mrs. William Gleason, October 5, and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. Claxson and Greer have previously received the same sentence for the same offense. There are five others to be tried for this offense, and all will no doubt receive twenty years cach. The defendants belonged to a gang that insuited ladies, and their outrage on Mrs. Gleason was such that lynching was averted only by the transfer of the prisoners to Maysville.

Dobbs Bound Over for Trial.

Flood of "Green Goods" Letters.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) This

vicinity is being inooded with green goods literature just now. Postmaster Arnold to-day gathered up a bunch of thirty-five letters and sent them to the department at Washington. The letters were mailed from New York by a man giving the name of A. P. Gordon.

Double Suicide in Paris.

Paris, Nov. 24.—Francios Mons, a play

Fatal Crossing Accident.

New York's Dog Show Begun.

Starving in Mid-Ocean.

Baltimore. Md., Nov. 24.—The British steamship Rossmore, which arrived here to-day, reports having sighted the schooner Ellite, Captain Hargrave, in mid-ocean, November 18, with signals displayed that the crew was starving. Owing to the heavy seas, provisions were with difficulty thrown on the deck of the schooner, and the Rossmore proceeded on her way.

The President's Thanksgiving.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The president will have a quiet Thanksgiving. At dinner Mr. and Mrs. McKinley will entertain Vice Fresident and Mrs. Hobart, Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, Mrs. Smith, nee Hayes, and Miss Barber.

Tornado Raging in India. Madras, British India, Nov. 25.—A terrible tornado is raging here this (Thursday) morning.

BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

Dr. James Hawkins has been appointed pension examining surgeon at Dodge City

Kas.

J. P. Morgan & Co. deny that they have an interest in any proposed consolidation of the sewer pipe manufacturers.

By special order of Emperor William. Mme. Rejane has been engaged to play "Madame Sans Gene" at the Schauspiel-Haus.

ALL HAIL TO KANSAS!

HER FARMS VIELDED PRODUCTS WORTH \$136,335,258 IN 1897.

BIG INCREASE OVER LAST YEAR

What more than 21 per cent.

Horses have decreased in number to the extent of 45,414 head, but the better quality and higher value per head of those remaining leaves their total value showing in increase of \$2,151,728, or 10 per cent.

Milch cows have increased 37,463 head, and \$2,848,921 in value, or nearly 22 per cent. AT 152,140,003 BUSHELS. .

Wheat Instead of Corn Is King in Kansas in This Year of Grace-Big Increase in Wheat Acreage-The Yield by Counties.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special:) The Kansas board of agriculture to-day issued a final bulletin showing the state's crop yields and farm values, and the numbers and farm values of live stock for the year

The total yield of winter wheat is 50.040. 274 bushels, worth \$33,798,612, or almost 160 per cent more than last year's crop. Its average yield per acre for the entire state is 15.07 bushels,

The corn crop is 152,140,393 bushels, or 69,-278,421 bushels less than in 1896, and its value is \$28,555,253, or \$7,077,720 less. Of oats, the yield is 23,431,273 bushels, at increase of 4,116,501 bushels. The value of the crop is \$3,828,182; the increased value, \$1,121,540; the yield per acre, 22.82 bushels. Spring wheat shows a yield of 586,230 bushels, as against \$01,523; bushels in 1896.

Philadelphia, Nov. 24.—At a dinner given to-night by Mr. P. A. B. Widener to about twenty intimate personal and business as-The combined home value of winter and spring wheat, corn and oats is \$66,768,788. Of the same crops in 1896, ft was \$15,071,930 deighia, the formal announcement was made by Dr. William Pepper, former president of the University of Pennsylvania, of Mr. Widener's intention to present to the free library of Philadelphia his magnificent residence. The building is to be held in trust forever by the city as an integral part of the free library system, under the name of the Joseph Widener Memorial branch, to commemorate the deceased wife of the donor.

Dr. Pepper further announced that Mr. Widener intended to bequeath to the city his splendid art collection on condition that a suitable fireproof art gallery shall be constructed in a central location in the city, and that it shall at all times be free to the public. Dr. Pepper added that he oculd authoritatively state that other well known art collections of enormous value would also be bequeathed in a like manner.

The figures given out are a result of obably the most searching inquiry the Kansas or any other like board has ever indertaken for learning beyond question in careful detail the extent and value of the state's productions. It is not supposed that any such figures will ever be made so as to escape criticism by wiseacres, but those sent out from Kansas are regarded as not only the nearest authentic of any issuing from any state, but incomparably superior to those compiled at Washington. In this particular line of work, from the

time of its beginni	ng, by	Alfred Gray	Kan-
sas has stood at t	he fore.	and those	having-
it in charge now	menn	that it sh	all im-
prove rather than	deterio	wate.	STATE OF THE PARTY
The following t	able sh	ows the w	elds of
winter wheat, co	m and	outs for	each
county:	the process	10 mm 10 mm 10	Continue of
Wint.	er whea	t. Corn.	Onts.
a martine			ushels.
Allen	57.152	1,498,499	195,744
Anderson	32,944	1,379,120	195,514
Atchison	216,230		334,460
Barber	144,040	447,528	17.537
Darton	444 600	103,814	47,536
Barton	ED 000	1,719,414	277,933
Brown	560,672	2,648,150	704.223
Butler		1.878,730	524,056
Chase	51,426	505 180	54,306
Chautauqua	246,340	1.496.396	149,056
Cherokee	307,350	1,345,431	415,978
Cheyenne	15,264	854,297	40,716
Clark	25,207	56,574	2,260
Clay	463,488	3,577,121	719,716
Cloud	513,080	2,973,600	562,443
Coffey	130,777	1,520,232	193,908
Comanche	32,292	40,392	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Cowley	970 799	2,832,160	613,725
Crawford	349,661		
Decatur	228,652	1,327,720	588,248
Dickinson		2,452,200	66,838
Doniphan	430,512	2,202,120	582,616
Douglas	236,166	2,421,144	661,397
Edwards	444,624	1,655,676	230,568
Fills	107 014	7 704 200	110,619

Ellsworth . Finney Franklin . 219,020 301,640 560,294 374,601 Leavenworth .

3,265 51,368 8,660 754,850 7,630 313,716 35,41 1,913,256 52,644 1,947,060 1,524,444 6,882,330 1,875,290 22,800 1,883,277 1,842,386 1,564,420 1,535,256 1,783,589 129,852 2,097,424 2,275,705 1,864,896 1,549,984 121,494 4,453,358 3,972,164 310,832 735,318 1,658,304 7,739,156 894,167 2,231,450 1,166,732 172,470 Ottawa

633,663 4,707 1,207,506 3,610 1,784,286 573,887 274,278 5,155,650 602,109 1,561 2,229,968 322,092 120,000 1,769,815 23,722

| Shafford | S51,436 | 602,109 | 52,258 |
Stanton | 220 | 1,561 | 560 |
Stevens | 2,568 | 8,424 | 2,568 |
Thomas | 615,632 | 32,092 | 78,400 |
Trego | 413,422 | 120,000 | 22,946 |
Wahaunsee | 88,224 | 1,768,836 | 87,192 |
Wallace | 10,428 | 32,722 | 5,304 |
Washington | 224,786 | 6,512,855 | 1,002,537 |
Wichita | 162,775 | 15,760 | 12,250 |
Wilson | 159,360 | 1,838,340 | 130,675 |
Woodson | 35,600 | 722,250 | 100,000 |
Wyandotte | 96,482 | 490,420 | 76,723 |
The probable total acreage of winter wheat sown the present autumn is about 3,655,000 | acres, or an increase over the previous year of 16 per cent. An increase is reported from every county. In spite of an unusually dry fall in much of the state, a large proportion of the wheat, even in those parts, has germinated, is growing and promises well. The price of wheat for the year averages for the state 75 cents per bushel.

The prices at which the corn crop is being contracted to footen. The prices at which the corn crop is being contracted to feeders and others in the cattle-fattening and corn-raising counties averages 22 cents; 53 per cent of the crop is likely to be sold at these prices before January.

An estimate of the cattle to be grain-fattened shows practically the same as one year ago, with big increases in the heavy-

or the yea	ir's crops
	37-3-4-
	Value.
	\$ 34,385,304
	28,555,293
	3,828,192
	559,821
	362,753
14,313	-7,872
5.342.489	2,644,001
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	402,669
709,546	1,978,226
	418,858
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	3,048,933
*******	4,305,688
762,464	98,495
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*******	1,429,860
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801,427	\$ 23,322,735
NE,919	3,618,009
552,438	15,983,233
1,603,943	39,182,746
	Quantity, 51,085,004 51,085,004 51,085,004 52,440,273 1,001,682 11,772,426 14,313 5,342,489 49,982 49,982 172,990 46,997 709,546 1,271,152

the cliest settlers in Franklin county. Miss Willard Sails for England. New York, Nov. 24.—Miss Frances E. Willard, president of the national and world's Women's Christian Temperance Union, sailed on the steamer St. Louis, for Southampton to-day.

Total value \$ 94,074,865

The not increase in value of this year's agricultural productions over that of 1896 is \$20,052,226, and of live stock \$20,508,985; a total net increase of \$40,554,231, or some-

other cattle show an increase of 28,635 head and a value greater by \$11,771,299, or hearly 43 per cent.

Sheep have increased 40,467 head and are

worth \$14,320 more, or 33 per cent.

Swine are more by 566,403 head and invalue by \$3,473,597, or nearly 41 per cent.

The estimated increase in alfalfa sown in 1897 is given as 15,000 acres, or 10 per cent.

Not Enough to Go Around.

The State House Deserted.

PHILADELPHIA'S GOOD LUCK.

Philanthropic Citizens Will Contrib-

ute Property Worth a Million

for Free Books and Art.

ciates, all men of prominence in Phila-

delphia, the formal announcement was

ner.

Regarding a free museum, Dr. Pepper stated that there have been made four contributions of \$30,000 each toward the construction of a museum building, by Ma Widener, Mr. William L. Elkins, Edwin H. Eltler and Daniel Baugh. This building will be constructed on a tract of land in West Philadelphia, given by the city in trust to the University of Pennsylvania for the creation of a park and free museum of science and art.

KAIULANI IN DISFAVOR.

Liliuokalani's Supporters Think the

Princess Has Designs on the

Hawaiian Throne.

Nov. 24).—The presence of Princess Kaiulani is not satisfactory to the adherents of

the deposed queen, as they believe that the

young woman has returned for the pur-

pose of starting a boom for herself, at the expense of the former queen. Kalu-

lani's supporters claim that, in the event

of a refusal on the part of congress to

annex Hawaii, she will stand a good chance of being placed on the throne,

under a limited monarchy.

The princess has been giving public re-

ceptions at her home, and in other ways is trying to make herself popular.

J. K. Kaulia and D. Kalanokalani will

against the annexation of the Islands. Both

men represent the royalists in Honolulu. At a later date they will be followed by John Richardson and R. W. Wilcox, both

half whites, and A. Marques, a white man, who were selected by the queen's sup-

porters on the island of Maul. Wilcox was

originally in favor of the present gov-

ernment; after a time he became dis-satisfied and finally joined the ranks of the 1835 rebels. He was sent to prison, and is now out on parole. He was sent to Italy by Kalakaua to receive a military training. In 1837, shortly after his return to the legacy.

BOY GETS A VAST FORTUNE.

By His Aunt's Will Cawthra Mulock,

of Toronto, Inherits About

\$5,000,000.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 24.—The richest boy in Canada is Cawthra Mulock, the 13-year-

old son of the postmaster general of the Dominion. Mrs. Cawthra, widow of a prom-

inent business man of Toronto, and the wealthiest woman in Canada, died a few

TALKING MACHINES ARE TO GO.

Omaha Police Include Phonographs

ction of the city council last night in re-

pealing the ordinance licensing the nickelin-the-slot machines very few of the de-

vices are to be seen in Omaha.

In connection with the order given out by the police all the machines used for the selling of merchandise, such as chocolate and cigars, together with the phonograph machines, were in cluded. This provoked considerable opposition on the part of the owners of the phonograph machines, as they contend their property is not to be classed as gambling devices. Nevertheless, pending a settlement of the question, the order was obeyed, and the merchandise apparatus was not in use to-day.

KANSAS MINISTER DIVORCED.

Freed From the Wife Whom He De-

nounced From the Pulpit

Independence, Kas., 'Nov. 24.-(Special.)

A divorce was granted to Rev. Willis Jor-

dan, pastor of the Christian church of

Caney, from his wife, Ada Jordan, in the district court here to-day. The case appears on the docket as "Willis Jordan vs.

Ada Miller, called Ada Jordan." A few

Ada Miller, called Ada Jordan." A few weeks ago Mr. Jordan publicly denounced his wife from the pulpit, and thereby caused a great sensation. He declared that he had been deceived; that when he married his wife she was not what he other man; that she was not what he thought she was, and announced his intentions of applying for a divorce.

Kansas Pioneer Dies by Accident.

Otts wa, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) Jacob Hughes, of Centropolis, this county, died this merring as a result of a fall Sunday night, down a precipitous bank, thirty feet high. He was not discovered until about twelve hours after the accident and did

Recently.

vices are to be seen in Omaha.

paratus was not in use to-day.

in Ban Against Nickel-in-Slot Devices. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 24.-As a result of the

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Honolulu, Nov. 17 (via San Francisco,

COURT ROOM GALLERIES OCCUPIED MOSTLY BY WOMEN.

MRS. NACK IN COURT AGAIN.

DEFENSE PROMISES TO PROVE SHE DID THE MURDER.

One of Guldensuppe's Thigh Bones, With Shreds of Flesh Attached, Introduced as Evidence-Mrs. Nack's Admissions to the Police.

New York, Nov. 24.-The trial of Martin Thorn for the murder of William Guldensuppe was continued in the Queens county court to-day. The galleries on each side of the courtroom were mostly occupied by women, for whom the trial possesses an extraordinary attraction.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) The various township trustees in the state will not get a set of the new revised Kansas statutes, as has been the custom. There are 7.000 officials in the state who have usually received a set of the statutes, but the legislature last winter contracted for only 5.000 sets. The executive council has decided that the township trustees shall be the ones slighted. The new books have been printed and will be delivered right away. A fortnight ago Mrs. Nack created a sensation by going on the stand and accusing Thorn of having killed her former Topeka, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) The state house was deserted to-day. The various officials have all gone to their old homes to spend Thanksgiving, Governor Leedy will spend the day at Lawrence. lover, Guldensuppe. Since that time the defense has changed its base, and, as Mr. Howe said in court to-day, the defendant's lawyers will now endeavor to prove, through Thorn as the principal witness, that Mrs. Nack herself committed the

The early part of to-day's proceedings was entirely taken up with evidence to prove the corpus delicti. Coroner Tuthili, during his examination, stated that cause of death was a stab wound between the fifth and sixth ribs, which penetrated the heart. Later in the day, the prosecuting attorneys, through a fellow barber of Thorn's, connected him with the possession of a stiletto; the blade of which was over six inches in length. The district attorney tried hard to get this witness to declare that Thorn had spoken of his relations with Mrs. Nack and Guldensuppe, but Lawyer Howe was equal to the occasion, and the court invariably sustained his ob-

jections. Some of the witnesses examined to-day reside in Woodside, and they told of the visits of a gaily dressed woman who appeared in the vicinity of the cottage with man in light colored clothes on the day of the alleged murder, June 25. They had also seen a man wearing dark blue clothes about the house, and on the day in question he was seen by one witness to go in and out of the house frequently. Three of them identified Thorn as the man in dark clothes, and two of them identified, photographs of Guldensuppe as being representations of the man who had worn the ight suit. None of them, however, had seen any trace of the latter after he had entered the cottage on that Friday

and art.

A low estimate of the value of the residence given by Mr. Widener to the free library when equipped for library purposes is \$600,000, and Dr. Pepper stated that the donor will expend not less than \$400,000 additional in placing therein a gallery of choice specimens of purely American art. morning Lawyer Howe requested the court to have Mrs. Nack produced, in order that she might be identified by the witnesses. This request brought about a legal argument and finally Mr. Howe was compelled to swear out a writ compelling the sheriff to produce her. Mrs. Nack was brought into court after the midday recess, looking much paler than when she appeared two weeks ago in the same court.

The morbid curiosity of the majority of York.

The morbid curiosity of the majority of noon session by the production in court of a piece of the bone of one of Guldensuppe's thighs, to which was attached some shreds of flesh. This ghastly exhibit was sealed in a glass jar. Dr. O'Hanlon explained that he cut this portion off to show how minutely it fitted into the corresponding piece of the bone which pro-truded from the stump of the lower part

Police Captain Stephen O'Brien, formerly in charge of the New York detective bureau, was on the stand for a considerable portion of the afternoon and told a great deal of what Martin Thorn had said to leave for Washington on the 19th to work him when the prisoner was being put through what is known among criminals as "the third degree." Thorn at that time had denied all knowledge of the killing of Guldensuppe. Captain O'Brien also said that when he was questioning Mrs. Nack, when she was arrested four days after the murder was alleged to have been committed, she said; "Guldensuppe did not treat me right. I love Thorn and would die for him."

It was at that time that Mr. Howe said: 'We say right now we will show that Mrs. Nack committed the murder, and what she said to the captain will bear us out."
The adjournment of court was until Fri-

training. In 1887, shortly after his return to the islands, he started a movement to dethrone the king. He and his followers were repulsed by the whites.

Samuel Parket, probably the most influential Hawalian in the country, and who is an annexationist, says that the delegates can do but little in Washington. THE MURDER OF CHUNG SUM. United States Makes an Official Report to the Chinese Gov-

ernment.

Washington, Nov. 24.—An official report on the murder and robbery of Chung Sum, alias Sam Lung, a Chinese laundryman at South McAlester, I. T., on September 2, has been made by this government to the Chinese government. On October 29, Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, called the attention of the state department to the killing and asked for a report. He stated that the murder and robbery occurred be-tween 8 o'clock in the evening of September 2 and about the same time the next day, when he was found, as was stated, with his "neck wrung." The murderer plundered the place before he left, and the friends and relatives of the Chinaman alleged that no serious attempt had been made by the authorities to hunt down the guilty party or parties or to recover the stolen propery. At the instance of the state department, Secretary Bliss directed Irdian Agent Wisdom to make a thorough investigation. The agent reports, under date of November 18, that he went over the matter very carefully and conferred with the United States marshal. The crime, the minister has been informed, was not committed by Indians, and no satisfactory information has been obtained, but the officers of the department of justice and of the interior department are zealously working to apprehend the guilty parties. per 2 and about the same time the next

DAN M'TAGGART'S MURDERER. Henry Sheesley to Be Placed on Trial at Independence, Kas., De-

cember 6.

Independence, Kas., Nov. 24.-(Special.) The trial of Henry Sheesley, the murderer of ex-Senator Daniel McTaggart had been set for December 6. A change of venue has been talked of, as it would be very diffihas been talked of, as it would be very diffi-cult as well as expensive to secure a jury in this county, but yesterday it was final-ly decided to try the case in this county. A special venire was ordered by Judge Skid-more to-day of sixty-one persons from por-tions of the county most remote from the killing. Sheesley has remained in the jall here ever since he committed the murder. He has made pretenses of insanity and once during his preliminary hearing he fell to the floor apparently in great agony and was carried from the room seemingly un-conscious. Most people believe, however, that it was done simply for effect.

For "Forging" a Telegram.

Newton, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) A. E. O'Conner was brought here to-day from Dodge City, by Detectve Gorman, on the charge of forging a telegram from Superirtendent Parker, of the Santa Fe, to a conductor, ordering him to pass O'Conner from Burrton to Dodge City. O'Conner from Burrton to Dodge City. O'Conner was a telegraph operator at Burrton and was discharged last week. He forged the telegram in order to obtain transportation to Dodge City. to Dodge City.

McKenzie Jury Discharged. Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 24.—(Special.)
The McKenzle jury was discharged at 8 o'clock to-night, standing eleven to one in favor of a verdict of death. J. Henry Baer, a German farmer, would not vote for infliction of the death penalty, because of consciencious scruples. The case will probably be tried again next week.

Penal Servitude for Blackmail.

London, Nov. 24.—At the central criminal court to-day, Florence Stansfield, who was charged at the Westminster police court

Haus.

Mr. Ogilvie, the Canadian government surveyor, who has just returned from a year's stay on the Yukon, brings a record of the temperature in that region, showing in January, 1897, a temperature as low as 68.1 below zero.





General Opinion Is That the Verdict. if Not for Acquittal, Will : Be for a Light Penalty-Plenty of Red Tape.

Chicago, Nov. 24.-A decision in the court nartial of Captain Leonard A. Lovering of the Fourth infantry, will be reached tonorrow. The court martial to-day closed the hearing of testimony covering the incidents of Private Hammond's involutary appearance before the summary court at Fort Sheridan on October 9. There will be a protracted meeting to-morrow, as all the evidence taken during the last two days' sessions must be read for the second time to the court in order to follow out the red tape of court martial proceedings. The entire morning session will be necessarily taken up by these last duties of Judge Advocate Hunter, and then the twelve officers of the court will settle down to a private discussion of their opinions of Captain Lovering and his method of enforcing military discipline. The general opinion is that the verdict, if it is not for equittal, will be for a light penalty.

opinion is that the verdict, if it is not for acquittal, will be for a light penalty.

The chief witness of the day was Captain Lovering, who admitted that the stories of previous witnesses were substantially correct. He claimed, however, that he did not use excessive force with Hammond—"only stirred him up with my foot and sword," was the way he put it. Colonel Hall, of the Fourth infantry, took the stand and declared that he approved of everything Captain Lovering had done. The arguments for and against Lovering were very brief, and at their conclusion court adjourned for the day.

The hearing began to-day with the testimony of the last witness for the prosecution, Post Surgeon Henry Lippincott. The surgeon said that he had been called upon professionally to attend Hammond.

"I found no bruises to speak of," said he. "There was a slight abrasion on the shoulder and also scratches on the thighs, but they were insignificant, and after sponging them with lodoform. I reported the man as fit for light work."

Attorney Blair for Captain, Lovering presented four letters from various officers under whom the defendant had served. These letters all referred to Lovering as an efficient officer and a good soldier. They were placed on file, Colonel Hall was then called.

"What report did Captain Lovering make to you in regard to this affair?" asked Athim a Thanksgiving pardon to-morrow, but the prsoner refused, declaring that he would rather remain here than be turned out during the cold weather. He had no home and no friends outside, and he did not want to get out until warm weather. Jackson is serving a twenty years' sentence from St. Charles county for assault. His term expires under the three-fourths law in September, 1898.

In accordance with the custom established several years ago for the governor to par-In accordance with the custom established several years ago for the governor to particol at least two convicts from the penitentiary on Thanksgiving and on July 4, of each year, Governor Stephens to-day pardoned three life convicts. They have good prison records, and each was sentenced for life for murder in the first degree. They are Laurel Baugh, John T. Leabs and Green Thornhill (colored). Baugh was sentenced to the penitentiary at the December term 1885, of the Carroll county circuit court. Leabs was sentenced at the November term of the Bates county circuit court. Thornhill, a negro, was sentenced at the fall addurined term, 1884, of the Lincoln county circuit court. They have each served long terms and the governor believes they have been punished sufficiently.

called.

"What report did Captain Lovering make to you in regard to this affair?" asked Attorney Blair of the commanding officer.

"He told me of Hammond's refusal to appear before the court in direct disobedience to my orders, and said that he had dragged him from the guard house with a rope."

"What comment did you make?"

"I commended him highly for his action, but cautioned him to remove the rope from the prisoner's feet before he appeared in court."

the prisoner's feet before he appeared in court."

"Has there been any trouble with prisoners during the year you have been here?" the attorney asked.

"There has been almost constant trouble." said Colonel Hall. "Prisoners have refused to work, and there have been almost delly infractions of the rules. I commended Captain Lovering's action, especially because I was informed that the prisoner had defied five prison officers in succession."

Colonel Hall told the court that there was no conveyance at the fort that could be used to convey prisoners from the guard house if they refused to walk. Attorney Blair closed his questioning by asking if a report had been made to him that Captain Lovering had kicked and stabbed the prisoner.

"Well now that you recall it" said the their crime to them in Taylor's hotel, New York.

The case was made remarkable after the trial and conviction of Wilson and Farrell, by information that Henry Hildebrand, a convict in the penitentiary at Baltimore, had confessed that he, and not the defendants, had murdered Bonnock. Hildebrand took his own life in the penitentiary after making this confession.

William Doran, who was with Wilson and Farrel in the murder, fled from the country and has not yet been captured.

Lovering had kicked and stabbed the prisoner.

"Well, now that you recall it." said the
witness, "Captain Lovering did tell me
that he had stirred Hammond a little, and
I also approved that."

Captain John W. Bubb, of the Fourth
regiment, testified to the good character of
the accused officer. Then Sergeant Wooten, one of the prison officers, gave some
new information by making the statement
that before Captain Lovering ordered Hammond dragged, he himself had dragged the
prisoner around the guard house by the
heels.

Then Captain Lovering took the stand in his own behalf. He was very nervous and blundered several times while going through the formalities preceding his ex-

blundered several times while going through the formalities preceding his examination.

"Is the testimony thus far given before this court correct?" asked nis attorney.

"It is substantially correct," said Lovering, "only the amount of force I used has been exaggerated. I stirred Hammond up with my sword and foot, but I put on the smallest of strength into it. I did not hurt him. I kicked him to make him open his eyes."

Colonel Hunter asked Captain Lovering why he had not reported to his commanding officer the prisoner's refusal to go to the court, postponing action until he received orders from Colonel Hall.

"I should have been ashamed," said Captain Lovering, "to have reported to any person that I allowed a prisoner to get the better of me."

"Could you not have secured a wagon?" continued the judge advocate.

"I would not have done so under any circumstances," answered Captain Lovering, "It would have been a bad example for the men."

After Captain Lovering had told of his twenty-five years' service in the United States army without ever having been court-martialed before, he was excused and the taking of testimony was over. Eureka, Kas., Nov. 24.—(Special.) The preliminary hearing of George H. Dobbs, charged with the murder of Joseph New, was concluded this afternoon, and Dobbs was bound over for trial. While the state submitted but a portion of its evidence, enough was presented to convince nearly every one of Dobbs' guilt. Dobbs appears gloomy and discouraged since the trial, but declines to make any statement.

SENATOR TELLER'S OPINION. Thinks It Very Doubtful If Congress Will Enact Any Currency Legislation.

English, for production in the United States, has committed suicide, with his mistress, by inhaling charcoal fumes. Mons latterly has been in financial straits, Washington, Nov. 24.-When asked today to give his opinion as to the probablitty of legislation affecting the currency dur Ex-Policeman Reedy Indicted. ng the approaching session of congress, St. Louis, Nov. 24.—The grand jury returned an indictment to-day against John E. Reedy, ex-policeman and treasurer of the Police Relief Association, who is charged with embezzling \$5,000 of the funds of that association. Senator Teller said: "I do not believe there will be any legis

"I do not believe there will be any legis-lation looking to the substitution of bank notes for greenbacks and treasury notes, which appears to be the favorite method of currency reform, so-called, advocated by the supporters of the old standard. I think it very doubtful whether the advo-cates of the change can agree upon the details of such legislation, and bankers will naturally hesitate to increase the issue of bank notes in sufficient quantity to take the place of the entire volume of green-backs and treasury notes, and especially in St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 24.—(Special.) Miss Mary Anddor was run down by a Grand Island freight train at a street crossing at Doniphan to-day, receiving injuries which will prove fatal. back; and treasury notes, and especially in view of the fact that the redemption of bank notes must, to satisfy the demands of the currency reformers, be in gold." Senator Teller said that he considered it New York's Dog Show Begun.

New York, Nov. 24.—The second annual dog show of the Metropolitan Kennel Club opened to-day at the old Thirteenth regiment armory, Brooklyn. The entry list was very large and among the dogs on exhibition were some of the best known prize winners at other leading shows. Among the famous dogs entered were George J. Gould's pointers. The Eskimo dog, Coona, which was brought from Greenland by Lleutenant Peary, attracted much attention. quite certain that the president would make some recommendation upon the cur-rency problem to congress, but he was of the opinion that the suggestion would be in general terms, as in his inaugural mes-sage, and that the president would leave the details to congress.

WILL RECOMMEND A PLAN. President McKinley to Urge Upon Congress a Scheme for Cur-

rency Reform. Washington, Nov. 24.-It can be stated n the highest authority that the president is going to recommend a plan for currency reform in his message, and, further, that that part of the message was written with the co-operation of Secretary Gage. It is authoritatively stated that Secretary Gage is perfectly satisfied with the president's message in regard to financial legislation, and that it meets his entire views and sup-

and that it meets his entire views and support.

Further than this, it can be stated, on the
same high authority, that the secretary of
the treasury will submit to congress in his
annual report the plan for currency reform which he submitted to the cabinet at
its meeting on Friday, October 20. The secretary intends to submit this report to congress almost identically as it was submitted to the cabinet, with the exception that
he will make some further recommendations, but these will not materially change
the plan already announced.

Mr. Hobart Looks for a Long Session Washington, Nov. 24.-There was an unwagnington, Nov. 22.—There was an unsually large number of people at the White House to-day, but few of them saw the president Vice President Hobart was an early caller, and paid his respects. The vice president says he looks forward to a long section, and a good deal of work.

R. E. Lewis at the White House. Washington, Nov. 24.—(Special.) Among those who called at the White House today was Mr. R. E. Lewis, late Republican candidate for governor of Missouri.

The Unhappy Experience of Mr. Son mers, of Caldwell, Kas., in Col-

orado's Metropolis. Denver, Col., Nov. 24.-William Sommers had the reputation of being a "right smart heap of a man" back in Caldwell, Kas. That was before Sommers thought of coming to Colorado. He would probably be considered "right smart" now in Caldwell, if the story of his experience as an emerald citizen did not reach there be fore himself. It it did, even Caldwell would

hardly claim him as her own. Sommers came to Denver about a week ago. He had nice, new store clothes, a overcoat, a gold watch, and a plain gold ring. He was anxious for work, and be lieved Colorado the most likely place to secure it. He was not so successful as he anticipated, otherwise he would not now be mourning the loss of his overcoat, watch and ring. Briefly, Sommers was the victim of a primitive confidence game, which would hardly have secured a Reuben from the hayseed district from New en from the hayseed district from Nev

Jersey.
Sommers says he has been hunting work
Vesterday afterfor the past few days. Yesterday after-noon he met a stranger on Larimer street, near Seventeenth, and volunteered the innear Seventeenth, and volunteered the information, after a casual observation, that he was ambitious to toil at anything which would produce reasonable financial returns. The stranger was pleased to hear of Sommers' ambition. He also had a sudden spasm of inspiration, which he unloaded on the Caidwell citizen. "I know how I can get jobs for the two of us," he said to Sommers in a flying wedge of confidential talk. "All I need is your overcoat, watch and ring to look spruce, and I can put you to work in an hour. Oh, just to appear decent and give the guy who has the work the idea that I'm O. K. Bring back your coat and watch and chain? Why, of course, I'll bring them back. What do you take me for? Don't that coat fit, though? Think 'twas made for me. Oh, not more than ten minutes, You stay right here, near the bank, and I'll be back right away with your job and toggery."

Sommers stayed. He would probably be there yet, counting the sandstone blocks in the cable company's tracks, if a sympathetic police officer Hogan whistled "Kathleen Mavourneen" with variations when Sommers unfolded his tale of guile to him. The stranger is still wearing Sommers' Caldwell overcoat, watch and ring. The police are looking for him. formation, after a casual observation

MAY GO TO JAIL FOR DEBT. Duke of Manchester, a Scion of British Nobility, Fails to Pay

His Bills. London, Nov. 24.-The Cambridge county court made a commitment order to-day on the Duke of Manchester, who was sued for a livery stable debt of £49 and costs. for a livery stable debt of £49 and costs. The order, however, was suspended for three weeks, with liberty to appeal.

Mr. Angus Montague, the present duke of Manchester, is the ninth duke, and son of the late Duke of Manchester, whose wife was formerly Miss Conseula Ysnaga, of New York. The present duke was born on March 3. 1871, and succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1822. The estates of the Duke of Manchester include Kimbolton castle and Brompton park, Huntingdonshire, England, and Tangerage castle, County Armagh, Ireland.

During the early part of the present year it was reported that the Duke of Manchester was to marry Miss Pauline Astor, daughter of William Waldorf Astor, but the report was subsequently denied. The young duke has also been mentioned as an aspirant to the hand of Miss Mary Goelet, daughter of the late Ogden Goelet. This rumor went so far as to have it that the duke was engaged to Miss Goelet, a statement which was emphatically denied by the family.

CHICAGO TO HAVE A HALL ALSO Movement on Foot for the Construc

tion of a Building to Hold 25,000 People. Chicago, Nov. 24.-Chicago's great amuse

ment palace, exposition building and con-vention hall is to become a reality. Through the enterprise of Chicago citizens, organized under the title of the Chicago Commer-cial Association, there is to be erected in the Lake Front park an immense structure which will outdo the Crystal palace or the Collseum.

At a meeting of the association yester-day afternoon, the president, John T. Shayne, took the initiative, and before the meeting adjourned, William T. Chalmers had been chosen chairman of the building committee, with authority to act with President Shayne in choosing three other members, who should assist them in formu-lating plans for carrying out the great enerprise. Mr. Shayne, who had consulted an archi-

Mr. Shayne, who had consulted an architect in regard to the matter, gave briefly as his idea that the building should have, when arranged for convention purposes, a seating capacity of between 25,000 and 40,000, be convenient in its location and artistic in its construction, and that provisions should be made which would finally make it the property of the city.

COLLISION ON THE ALTON. Passenger and Freight Trains Come Together at Mayview, Mo .-

A Woman Injured. Mayview, Mo., Nov. 24.-(Special.) A head-end collision occurred on the Alton a mile and a half from Mayview shortly after 6 o'clock, to-night, between passenger train No. 48, westbound, and the engine of train No. 48, westboung, and the engine of the first section of freight No. 73. Mrs. E. M. Edwards, of Grand Pass, Mo., was badly bruised, and two men received slight injuries. Both engines were badly wrecked and the end of the baggage car was smashed in. The passenger crew had orders to wait at Odessa for the freight, which was 'ste

which was late.

The freight not arriving, the passenger pulled out and met the freight engine, which had dropped its train and was going to Odessa to notify the passenger. Conductor Black was in charge of the passenger and Conductor Burdick of the freight.

CREEKS ARE ENROLLING. The Peremptory Order of Agent Wisdom Is Having a Salutary

Effect. Muskogee, I. T., Nov. 24.—(Special.) The order of United States Indian Agent Wisdom, of this place, directing the Creeks to appear before the Dawes commission for to appear before the Dawes commission for enrollment, has had its effect. Mr. Bixby, the chairman of the commission, stated to-day that more than 10,000 Creeks had already enrolled, and they were enrolling at the rate of 200 per day at Okmulgee and 100 at this place. The enrollment is entirely satisfactory to the commission, and they hope to complete the work by December 10, after which they will go to Washington to make their report.

BOND ISSUE ENJOINED. Standard Oil Company Objects to Neodesha's Proposed Natural Gas Plant.

Independence, Kas., Nov. 24.-(Special.) Suit has been brought against the city of Neodesha, and an injunction has been secured restraining the city from taking any action in the matter of issuing bonds for nction in the matter of issuing bonds for the construction and maintenance of a nat-ural gas plant, owned and operated by the city, as provided for by a recent special election. This action is taken by the Stand-ard Oil Company, through its agent, the Neodesha Gas Company, which now sup-plies the town and has made a hard fight all along. What the city will do now has not yet been determined.

Bubonic Plague Spreading. Bombay, Nov. 24.—The spread of the Bubonic plague shows no signs of abatement at Poonah, Surat and elsewhere. It has extended to Belgium and Abmednagur. The health authorities of this city reported today that there were twenty-six cases of the plague and ten deaths from that disease ir, this city yesterday.

Engineers' Club House Opened. New York, Nov. 24.—The new club house of the American Society of Civil Engineers on West Seventy-fifth street, was formally opered to-day. The house is a handsome building, erected at a cost of \$200,000. The society was founded in \$82, and its membership includes preminent engineers in all parts of the world.

Mrs. Barnabas Brough Dead. London, Nov. 24.—Mrs. Barnabas Brough, the novellst, mother of the well known actor, Llonel Brough, died here yesterday in her 56th year. Her husband was a dramatic author, and all the members of the family hove displayed weeked literathe family have displayed marked literary or histrienic aptitude.

WANTED WORK-WAS WORKED. MIDDLE-OF-ROADPOPS

VATIONAL ORGANIZATION COMMIT-TEE ISSUES AN ADDRESS.

AN INVITATION TO FUSIONISTS.

ASKED TO JOIN IN A JOINT MEET-ING AT ST. LOUIS, JANUARY 12.

Holding of National Nominating Convention in April, 1888, Recommended - Platform That Should Be Adopted Outlined.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 24.-After an all committee representing the middle-of-theroad faction of the Populist party, the members reconvened to-day behind closed loors. This afternoon Abe Steinberger, of Kansas, gave out the following address as having been unanimously adopted by the ommittee:

"Recognizing the importance of active and aggressive work to the end of lining up all reform forces for future campaigns, we, the national organization committee of the People's party, hereby call a meeting of said committee at the Laclede hotel, St. Louis, Mo., for January 12, 1898. "To the end of restoring perfect harmony

In the ranks of the party and effecting a more compact organization, we respectfully invite the national committee of the Peo-ple's party to meet with us in conference on the above date, appealing to their pa-triotism and sense of duty to aid us in restoring to its once splendid estate our party organization.
"Feeling it due to the members of the

People's party to outline the objects of this call, we submit the following: "We recommend the holding of a national ominating convention on the first Wednes-

iay in April, 1898. mend the holding of state conentions, at which delegates to the national convention shall be chosen, on the third Wednesday in March, 1898.

"We recommend that the nominations of ongressmen be delayed until after the holding of the national convention. "We recommend that the platform on which the contest for 1898 and 1900 be waged

hould embody the following prop-

"First-Absolute paper money, based upon every commodity and resource of the nation, a full legal tender and receivable for all dues to the United States.
"Second—Free coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio; the coin debts of the United States payable in either, at

the option of the government.
"Third-All money to be issued by the overnment and paid out direct to the peoole for services rendered, or to be loaned to them at a low rate of interest on safe se-curity, and without the intervention of private banks, provided that the volume of the currency shall not exceed \$50 per cap-

ta. "Fourth-Government ownership and opration of railroads, telegraph and telephone lines.

"Fifth-Opposition to alien ownership and colding of land for speculative purposes.

holding of land for speculative purposes.

"Sixth—Opposition to court made law.
"Seventh—Opposition to trusts.
"Eighth—We especially recommend the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate."

Milton Park, the chairman of the committee, said he believed that the address embodied a platform upon which the people of the United States would stand and give hearty support.

At the meeting to be held next January, in St. Louis, Mr. Park said that he believed there would be many prominent Populists from all sections of the country. Whether or not the national committee would attend, he said he did not know, but even if it did not his committee would go on and make its own nomination for president in 1990.

THANKSGIVING IN PARIS.

Dinner Last Night and Several to Follow To-day.

Paris, Nov. 24.—The Thanksgiving celebration in the American colony began here this evening, when the University Dinner Club gave its first annual banquet of the season at the Hotel Continental. Consul season at the Hotel Continental. Consul, General John K. Gowdy presided. Mr. Theodore Stanton, of Cornell university, the honorary secretary of the Dinner Club, read letters of regret at the absence of Professor James Bryce, member of parliament for Aberdeen; Mr. Andrew D. White, United States ambassador to Germany; Mr. Andrew Carnegle and Mr. John Wanamaker. "The Day We Celebrate" called forth a speech, eloquent and exceedingly complimentary to American institution from Pere Hyacinthe, whose wife and only daughter-in-law are Americans. General Horace Porter, the United States ambassador, responding to "The College Man in the Civil War," spoke in a reminiscent strain of the educational institutions of the days of the war, which produced, he said, "men who have won distinguished positions, not only in war, but on the bench, whose renown has extended to all parts of the earth."

Other toasts and speakers were as follows:

"The French Universities," Gaston Paris, Jeneral John K. Gowdy presided. Mr. The

Other toasts and speakers were as follows:

"The French Universities," Gaston Paris, member of the French Academy and president of the College of France; "The American Universities," Dr. D. J. Hill, ex-president of Rochester university; "The University Man and the Press." Francisque Sarcey; "The Latin Quarter," Trist Wood, editor of the Quartier Latin, American Students' Monthly.

The dinner was a great success, and the college songs created much enthusiasm,
To-morrow the American students of architecture will give their annual Thanks-giving dinner in the Latin quarter, and the art students also will celebrate at their clubrooms on the Quai Conti. Several private dinner parties will come off, and the national flags of the United States and France will be displayed at the embassy, in the Avenue Kleber, and at the consulate general, in the Avenue de L'Opera.

Funeral of General Ordway. Washington, Nov. 24.—The funeral of General Albert Ordway, who died in New York Sunday, took place this afternoon from St. John's Episcopal church. The edifice was crowded with friends of the dead hero, and representative army and navy officials, who thronged there to do honor to his memory. Rev. Dr. Mackay Smith, assisted by Rev. Mr. Ernest M. Paddock, conducted the services.

Died of Army Wounds. Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 24.—Major Joseph P. Denniston, ex-county and city treasurer, and one of the best known citizens of Pittsburg, died this morning, after a short illness. The primary cause of death was wounds received during the war. Major Denniston was a member of the Grand Army, Veteran Legion and Loyal Legion.

Gives \$100,000 to a Law School. Philadelphia, Nov. 24.—Thomas McKean, of this city, to-day donated \$100,000 to the University of Pennsylvania, towards the cost of the new law school. The building will be erected on a plot of ground near the campus recently purchased by the trustees of the university.

Railway Disaster in France.

Paris, Nov. 24—A ballast train to-day overtook a passenger train during a fog at the Tournay railroad station. The shock is described as having been teriffic. Several cars were ground into splinters, twelve persons were killed and nine others were seriously injured.

ETEN DAYS

From coffee to POSTUM has done much for MANY.

t may do much

= for YOU.